PATENT COOPERATION TREATY PCT

REC'D 14 SEP 2004
WIPO PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference FP18559:GR	FOR FURTHER See I ACTION Prelir	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416).				
International Application No.	International Filing Date (day/month/year)	Date Priority Date (day/month/year)				
PCT/AU2003/001330	9 October 2003					
International Patent Classification (IPC)	or national classification and	IPC				
Applicant BHP BILLITON INNOVATION	PTY LTD et al	•				
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Authority and is transmitted to the a	nation report has been prepa pplicant according to Article 3	red by this International Preliminary Examining				
2. This REPORT consists of a total of	5 sheets, including this co	ver sheet.				
This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e., sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).						
These annexes consist of a to	tal of sheet(s).					
3. This report contains indications rela	ting to the following items:	•				
I X Basis of the report						
II Priority	•					
III Non-establishment of o	ppinion with regard to novelty	inventive step and industrial applicability				
IV Lack of unity of invention						
applicability,	Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement					
VI X Certain documents cite						
VII Certain defects in the in	ne international application					
VIII Certain observations of	VIII Certain observations on the international application					
Date of submission of the demand Date of completion of the report						
22 April 2004		Date of completion of the report 30 August 2004				
Name and mailing address of the IPEA/AU		Authorized Officer				
AUSTRALIAN PATENT OFFICE PO BOX 200, WODEN ACT 2606, AUSTRA	2114	(280)				
E-mail address: pct@ipaustralia.gov.au Facsimile No. (02) 6285 3929		DAVID K. BELL				
		Telephone No. (02) 6283 2309				



INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/AU2003/001330

1.							
1.	. With regard to the el	ements of the international application:*					
	X the international application as originally filed.						
		pages , as originally filed,					
		pages , filed with the demand,					
	the states	pages , received on with the letter of					
İ	the claims,	pages , as originally filed,					
		pages , as amended (together with any statement) under Article 19,					
-		pages , filed with the demand,					
İ	the drawings	pages , received on with the letter of					
	the drawings,	pages , as originally filed,					
		pages , filed with the demand,					
	the seguence li	pages , received on with the letter of					
	die sequence ii:	sting part of the description:					
		pages , as originally filed					
		pages , filed with the demand					
2.	\A/:4L	pages , received on with the letter of					
2.	These elements were	guage, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. available or furnished to this Authority in the following language which is: a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).					
	the language of	publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).					
		the translation furnished for the nurneage of interest in the second of					
3.	With regard to any nu- international prelimi	cleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the nary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing: international application in written form.					
		h the international application in computer readable form.					
	furnished subsec	quently to this Authority in written form.					
ĺ	furnished subsec	quently to this Authority in computer readable form.					
	The statement th	at the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in application as filed has been furnished.					
	The statement the listing has been to	at the information recorded in computer readable form to the					
4.	The amendments	s have resulted in the cancellation of:					
	the desci						
	the claim	s, Nos.					
	the drawl	ngs, sheets/fig.					
5.		been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).**					
*	" Upiducilielii sileeis w	hich have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are tas "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules					
**		containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this report					
		The state of the s					





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V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)	Claims	1 to 24	YES
	Claims		NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1 to 24	YES
	Claims		NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1 to 24	YES
·	Claims		NO

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)

D1 = WO 2003076692 D2 = WO 2003076690 D3 = WO 2002083993

The invention as defined in the present application is a method of reducing a metal oxide (such as titania) in a solid state using an electrolytic cell that includes a molten electrolyte, a cathode, formed at least in part from the metal oxide, in contact with the electrolyte, a molten (silver or copper) anode and a membrane that is permeable to oxygen and impermeable to dissolved metal in the electrolyte (optionally the membrane is impermeable to any one or more of electrolyte anions other than oxygen, anode metal cations and any other ions and atoms). The problem that the invention attempts to solve is the prevention of back reaction of dissolved metal in the electrolyte and oxygen atoms generated at the anode that can significantly reduce the current efficiency of the cell. The membrane is formed from yttria stabilised zirconia

WO 2002083993 (D3) discloses a method of reducing a metal oxide (such as titania) in a solid state using an electrolytic cell that includes a molten electrolyte, a cathode, formed at least in part from the metal oxide, in contact with the electrolyte, and a molten (silver or copper) metal anode in contact with the electrolyte. D3 therefore discloses all the features of the present invention except for the use of the membrane, for the prevention of ions or atoms except oxygen, migrating between the anode and the cathode.

The document D1 (WO 2003076692) discloses a method of reducing a metal oxide (such as titania) in a solid state in which the electrolytic cell includes a molten electrolyte, a carbon anode and a cathode, formed at least in part from the metal oxide. D1 also discloses the use of a membrane that is permeable to oxygen and impermeable to carbon in ionic and non-ionic forms positioned between the cathode and the anode to prevent migration of carbon to the cathode. D1 specifies that the membrane may be formed of any suitable material and that one suitable material tested was yttria stabilised zirconia. D2 (WO 2003076690) discloses a method of reducing a metal oxide (such as titania) in a solid state having the same features as disclosed in D1.

Continued in Supplemental Box





International application No.

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VI. Certain docume			PCT/AU2003/001330	
 Certain published doc 	uments (Rule 70.10)			
Application No. Patent No.	Publication date (day/month/year)	Filing date (day/month/year)	Priority date (valid claim	
WO 2003076692	18 September 2003	13 March 2003	(day/month/year) 13 March 2002	
WO 2003076690	18 September 2003	13 March 2003		
WO 2002083993	24 October 2002 .		13 March 2002 _.	
	21 0010061 2002 .	10 April 2002	.10 April 2001	
·	·			
Non-written disclosures				
Kind of non-written disc	closure Date of non-writte	en disclosure Date o	f written disclosure referring to	

(day/month/year)

non-written disclosure (day/month/year)





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(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of

D1 and D2 clearly state that the problem to be solved in each case is preventing ion or non-ionic carbon from migrating between the anode and the cathode (D2 page 6 line 35 to page 7 line 18, D1 page 3 lines 13 to 32). The prevention of carbon contamination is not the same problem to be solved as the prevention of back (oxygen) reactions in the present invention. None of the cited documents disclose or fairly suggested, either singly nor in obvious combination, the invention as defined in the present claims. The claimed invention is therefore novel, involves an inventive step and is industrially applicable.